

Arkansas Department of Health

4815 West Markham Street ◆ Little Rock, Arkansas 72205-3867 ◆ Telephone (501) 661-2000 Governor Asa Hutchinson Nathaniel Smith, MD, MPH, Director and State Health Officer

Communicable Disease- Tuberculosis Summary of Rule Change

The CDC recently updated its guidelines for screening and testing healthcare workers for tuberculosis (TB) in the United States. The last update for this specific group was fifteen years ago. This rule revision reflects the new CDC recommendation for healthcare workers. In addition, the same revisions have also been included for other low risk groups. Low risk group include employees of correctional facilities and inmates within the correctional facilities; employees of homeless shelters; and exclusion of other extremely low risk groups like employees of child and adult day care centers from needing TB testing.

Revisions include:

- Addition of requirement for TB testing with an interferon-gamma release assay (IGRA) or a tuberculin skin test (TST) for persons without documented prior TB disease or latent TB infection (LTBI).
- Addition of language for no routine serial TB testing at any interval after baseline in the absence of a known exposure or ongoing transmission.
- Added requirement to follow CDC guidelines on annual symptom screening for health care personnel with untreated LTBI and annual TB education of all health care personnel.

QUESTIONNAIRE FOR FILING PROPOSED RULES WITH THE ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

DEP	PARTMENT/AGENCY Arkansas Department of Health		
	ISION Center for Health Protection		
	ISION DIRECTOR Marisha DiCarlo		
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	ORESS 4815 West Markham St, Little Rock, AR 72205		
	ONE NO. 501-661-2155 FAX NOE-MAILTiffany.Vance@arkansas.gov		
	ME OF PRESENTER AT COMMITTEE MEETING Dr. Naveen Patil; Laura Shue		
	ESENTER E-MAIL Naveen.Patil@arkansas.gov; Laura.Shue@arkansas.gov		
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	<u>INSTRUCTIONS</u>		
A. B.	Please make copies of this form for future use. Please answer each question <u>completely</u> using layman terms. You may use additional sheets, if necessary.		
C.			
D. Submit two (2) copies of this questionnaire and financial impact statement attack front of two (2) copies of the proposed rule and required documents. Mail or de			
***	Jessica C. Sutton Administrative Rules Review Section Arkansas Legislative Council Bureau of Legislative Research One Capitol Mall, 5 th Floor Little Rock, AR 72201		
1.	What is the short title of this rule? <u>Communicable Disease- Tuberculosis</u>		
2.	What is the subject of the proposed rule? Reducing Tuberculosis testing for healthcare and other workers.		
3.	Is this rule required to comply with a federal statute, rule, or regulation? YesNoX		
	If yes, please provide the federal rule, regulation, and/or statute citation.		
4.	Was this rule filed under the emergency provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act?		
	YesNo_X		
	If yes, what is the effective date of the emergency rule?		
	When does the emergency rule expire?		
	Will this emergency rule be promulgated under the permanent provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act? Yes No		

5.	Is this a new rule? Yes No Y Te yes, please provide a brief summary explaining the rule.	
Does this repeal an existing rule? Yes No If ye^- opy of the repealed rule is to be included with your completed questionnaire. If it is being replaced wit x we rule, please provide a summary of the rule giving an explanation of what the rule does.		
	Is this an amendment to an existing rule? Yes X No If yes, please attach a mark-up showing the changes in the existing rule and a summary of the substantive changes. Note: The summary should explain what the amendment does, and the mark-up copy should be clearly labeled "mark-up."	
6.	Cite the state law that grants the authority for this proposed rule? If codified, please give the Arkansas Code citation. §20-7-109, and §20-15-701 et seq.	
7.	What is the purpose of this proposed rule? Why is it necessary? The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recently updated its guidelines for screening and testing healthcare workers for tuberculosis (TB) in the United States. This rule revision reflects the new CDC recommendation. In addition, the same revisions have also been included for other low risk groups. Low risk group include employees of correctional facilities and inmates within the correctional facilities; employees of homeless shelters; and exclusion of other extremely low risk groups like employees of child and adult day care centers from requiring repeated TB testing.	
8.	Please provide the address where this rule is publicly accessible in electronic form via the Internet as required by Arkansas Code § 25-19-108(b). https://www.healthy.arkansas.gov/proposed-amendment-to-existing-rules	
9.	Will a public hearing be held on this proposed rule? Yes No If yes, please complete the following:	
	Date: 10/08/2019	
	Time: 9:00a.m11:00a.m.	
	Place: Arkansas Department of Health, 4815 W. Markham, Little Rock, AR 72205, Room #2508	
10.	When does the public comment period expire for permanent promulgation? (Must provide a date.) Monday, September 30, 2019	
11.	What is the proposed effective date of this proposed rule? (Must provide a date.) <u>January 1, 2020</u>	
12.	Please provide a copy of the notice required under Ark. Code Ann. § 25-15-204(a), and proof of the publication of said notice.	
13.	Please provide proof of filing the rule with the Secretary of State as required pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. § 25-15-204(e).	
14.	Please give the names of persons, groups, or organizations that you expect to comment on these rules? Please provide their position (for or against) if known. Arkansas Hospitals and other healthcare facilities, correctional facilities-Counties, ADC (For).	

FINANCIAL IMPACT STATEMENT

PLEASE ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS COMPLETELY

	RTMENT Arkansas Department of Heal	<u>th</u>		
	SION Center for Health Protection	7 TD:00 A X7		
	ON COMPLETING THIS STATEMENT			
IELE	PHONE NO. <u>501-001-2155</u> FAX NO	EMAIL: tiffany.vance@arkansas.gov		
To coi Staten	mply with Ark. Code Ann. § 25-15-204(e), pnent and file two copies with the questionnai	please complete the following Financial Impact re and proposed rules.		
SHOE	RT TITLE OF THIS RULE Communicable	e Disease- Tuberculosis		
1.	Does this proposed, amended, or repealed Yes No X	rule have a financial impact? it will decrease costs		
2.		tainable scientific, technical, economic, or other ning the need for, consequences of, and alternatives to		
3.	In consideration of the alternatives to this releast costly rule considered?	rule, was this rule determined by the agency to be the		
	Yes No			
	If an agency is proposing a more costly rule, please state the following:			
	(a) How the additional benefits of the more costly rule justify its additional cost;			
	(b) The reason for adoption of the more con	stly rule;		
	(c) Whether the more costly rule is based of if so, please explain; and	on the interests of public health, safety, or welfare, and		
	(d) Whether the reason is within the scope explain.	of the agency's statutory authority, and if so, please		
5.	If the purpose of this rule is to implement a fe	ederal rule or regulation, please state the following:		
	(a) What is the cost to implement the federal rule or regulation? There is no cost.			
	Current Fiscal Year	Next Fiscal Year		
	General Revenue	General Revenue		
	Federal Funds	Federal Funds		
	Cash Funds	Cash Funds		
	Special Revenue	Special Revenue		
	Other (Identify)	Other (Identify)		
	Total	Total		
	(b) What is the additional cost of the state	rule?		

The rule will save healthcare institutions, state government, and county government millions

of dollars in Tuberculosis testing materials, supplies and time.

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- (2) the problem the agency seeks to address with the proposed rule, including a statement of whether a rule is required by statute;
- (3) a description of the factual evidence that:
 - (a) justifies the agency's need for the proposed rule; and
 - (b) describes how the benefits of the rule meet the relevant statutory objectives and justify the rule's costs;
- (4) a list of less costly alternatives to the proposed rule and the reasons why the alternatives do not adequately address the problem to be solved by the proposed rule;
- (5) a list of alternatives to the proposed rule that were suggested as a result of public comment and the reasons why the alternatives do not adequately address the problem to be solved by the proposed rule;
- (6) a statement of whether existing rules have created or contributed to the problem the agency seeks to address with the proposed rule and, if existing rules have created or contributed to the problem, an explanation of why amendment or repeal of the rule creating or contributing to the problem is not a sufficient response; and
- (7) an agency plan for review of the rule no less than every ten (10) years to determine whether, based upon the evidence, there remains a need for the rule including, without limitation, whether:
 - (a) the rule is achieving the statutory objectives;
 - (b) the benefits of the rule continue to justify its costs; and
 - (c) the rule can be amended or repealed to reduce costs while continuing to achieve the statutory objectives.

RULES AND REGULATIONS

PERTAINING TO

Communicable Disease -- Tuberculosis

Promulgated Under the Authority of Ark. Code Ann. §§20-15-701 et seq. §20-7-109109 et seq.

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ARKANSAS STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

Effective , 20132019

Arkansas Department of Health Little Rock, Arkansas (Nathaniel Smith, MD, MPH Director)

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RULES PERTAINING TO THE CONTROL OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES - TUBERCULOSIS

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SECTION I. AUTHORITY.

The following <u>Rules and subsequent</u> amendments are hereby adopted pursuant to the authority conferred by <u>Act 161 of 1955</u>, as amended and <u>Act 96 of 1913</u>, as amended, the same being Ark. Code Ann... <u>§</u> 20-15-701 et seq. and Ark. Code Ann... <u>§</u> 20-7-109 et seq.

SECTION II. PURPOSE.

The purpose of of this amendment to the Rules and Regulations-Pertaining to the Control of Communicable Diseases—Tuberculosis is to provide for the prevention and control of tuberculosis and to protect the public health, welfare, and safety of the citizens of Arkansas.

SECTION III. DEFINITIONS.

- A. "Certificate of Health" means a certificate issued by the Department verifying that the holder has complied with the relevant diagnostic screening, or treatment procedures prescribed or directed by the Communicable Disease Rules and Regulations and/or the Arkansas Tuberculosis Control Manual.
- B. "Correctional facility" means any state prison or jail, detention center, or other similar facility wherein persons are incarcerated or held for correctional purposes.
- C. "Department" means Arkansas Department of Health.
- D. <u>"Shelter facility"</u> means any shelter for the homeless or disadvantaged, shelter for battered women, or other similar facility where persons are routinely housed for fourteen or more days.
- E. "Hospital" means the same as a facility defined by Ark. Code Ann. § 20-9-201(3).

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- F. "Long-term care facility" means the same as a facility defined by Ark. Code Ann. § 20-10-101(7)
- G. "Day services facility" means any private or parochial school, or any licensed public or private adult or child day care center, headstart program, outpatient alcohol/drugabuse treatment program, sheltered workshop, migrant worker center or any other licensed outpatient or day services activity.
- H. "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, firm, association, trust, estate, public or private institution, agency, political subdivision of this state, of any other state, or political subdivision or agency thereof.
- I. "Tuberculosis prevention" means following the recommendations of the Department regarding treatment for prevention of tuberculosis.
- J. "Related medical facility" or "Related medical service" means a facility or service other than a hospital, including but not limited to rehabilitation hospitals, psychiatric hospitals, Human Development Centers, alcohol/drug abuse in-patient and outpatient treatment centers, Arkansas State Veterans Home, Veteran's Hospital Domiciliary, hospices, renal dialysis units, community health centers, community health clinics serving populations with a high prevalence for tuberculosis infection, or other related medical facilities or services.
- K. Public school means any public school or kindergarten.
- L.—"Tuberculosis manual" means the manual of policies and procedures developed by the Department which includes rules and guidelines for specific definitions of "tuberculosis screening" for certain groups and the prevention, control and treatment of tuberculosis.

L.

M. "Tuberculosis screening" means (1) in the case of a person tested for the first time or one who has not experienced a positive test in the past- an intra-dermal tuberculin skin test or Interferon-Gamma Release Assays (IGRAs) blood test; or (2) in the case of a person who has experienced a positive test in the past and/or who tests positive- a chest radiograph conducted by the Department or one interpreted by a trained radiologist or chest clinician- unless one has been performed within the past three months; or (3) such other screening as prescribed, directed or recommended by an employee or agent of the Department.

Tuberculosis screening means (I) in the case of a person tested for the first time or one who has not experienced a positive test in the past—an intra-dermal tuberculin skin test, and thereafter—an annual skin test; or (2) in the case of a person who has experienced a positive test in the past—and/or who tests positive—a chest radiograph conducted by the Department or one interpreted—by a trained radiologist unless one has been performed within the past three months; or (3) such other screening as prescribed, directed or recommended by an employee or agent of the Department.

SECTION IV. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

A. Penalty.

Any person who is found guilty of a violation of any of the provisions of these Rules and Regulations-shall be guilty of a violation of Ark. Code Ann. § 20-7-101.

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- B. Reporting Requirements.
 - 1. It shall be the duty of every physician, nurse practitioner, nurse, or health care worker to report to the Department in addition to the requirements set forth in other sections of these rules the following information concerning tuberculosis:
 - a) Acid fast bacilli in smear or M. tuberculosis in culture
 - b) Other significant evidence, pending bacteriological proof
 - (1) Chest X-ray shadows suggestive of Tuberculosis (apical infiltrate, cavity, etc.)

- (2) Extra-pulmonary Tuberculosis (meningeal, bone, kidney, other)
- (3) Primary pulmonary tuberculosis cases showing parenchymal infiltration or hilar node enlargement or pleural effusion
- 2. It shall be the responsibility of the person in charge of any public school or day services facility to encourage any person/employee who manifests a persistent coughfor more than 3-4 weeks after a respiratory infection, or who has a fever or significant loss of weight, to go to the Health Department or personal physician.
- Classification of Tuberculosis shall be pursuant to the latest version of Diagnostic Standards and Classification of Tuberculosis and Other Mycobacterial Diseases, American Lung Association, New York, 1989.

SECTION V. HOSPITALS.

Hospitals shall be responsible for compliance with these Rules and Regulations as well as Board of Health Rules and Regulations for Hospitals and Related Institutions in Arkansas.

- A. Each healthcare worker (hospital employee, health worker, medical staff member (physician), healthcare who has contact with hospital patients shall receive baselineannual tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention information (See Section III, Definitions). No annual follow-up testing requirements are necessary. However, the Center for Disease Control guidelines must be followed on symptom screenings and tuberculosis education.
- B. Each hospital shall adopt and enforce a policy which ensures that tuberculosis <u>symptom</u> screening and tuberculosis prevention (See Section III, Definitions) is conducted for all employees, health workers, and medical staff (physicians) who have contact with patients.

SECTION VI. LONG TERM CARE FACILITIES.

Long-term care facilities shall be responsible for compliance with these Rules and Regulations as well as the Rules and Regulations-governing Long-Term Care Facilities issued by the Arkansas Department of Human Services.

- A: Each healthcare worker (hospital-employee, health worker, medical staff member (physician), healthcare (physician), <a href=
- B. Prior to employment and each year thereafter, each employee, health worker, medical staff member (physician) of any long term care facility who has contact with long term care patients or residents shall obtain a certificate of health or documented results of tuberculosis screening as outlined in the Arkansas Tuberculosis Control Manual.

SECTION VII. CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.

- A. Correctional facilities, regardless of inmate capacity, shall ensure that:
 - Each employee, worker, parole/probation officer, or other staff member of the facility
 who has contact with inmates or detainees receives tuberculosis screening and
 tuberculosis prevention (See Section III, Definitions); and

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Prior to employment and each year thereafter, each employee, worker, parole/probation officer, or other staff member of the facility who has contact with inmates or detainees shall obtain a certificate of health or documented results of tuberculosis screening as outlined in the Arkansas Tuberculosis Control Manual.

2.

- 2. Prior to employment each employee, worker, parole/probation officer, or other staff member of the facility who has contact with inmates or detainees shall receive baseline tuberculosis screening and shall obtain a certificate of health or documented results of tuberculosis screening as outlined in the Arkansas Tuberculosis Control Manual. No annual follow-up testing requirements are necessary and should be substituted with a symptom screening and tuberculosis prevention education.
 - 3. Each inmate residing in any correctional facility for more than 14 days shall receive baseline tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention information. No follow-up testing is required, but symptom screening of positive inmates and tuberculosis education should be provided.

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- B. Jails and detention centers housing fifty or more persons shall meet the following requirement: Each inmate/detainee of a jail or detention center who is expected to be incarcerated for 14 days or more will receive tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention information (see Section III Definitions).
- C.4. Other correctional facilities shall meet the following requirements:
 - <u>1-a.</u> Each inmate or detainee of a correctional facility shall receive tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention <u>information</u> (See Section III, Definitions).
 - 2-b. The person having responsibility for the management of a correctional facility shall be responsible for compliance with these Rules and Regulations. Each correctional facility shall be responsible for compliance with these Rules and Regulations. Each correctional facility shall designate an appropriately trained infection control officer who shall be responsible for operating a tuberculosis prevention and control program in the institution. Multi-institutional systems shall have a qualified coordinator as well as an official at each unit to oversee tuberculosis-control activities throughout the system. The correctional facility shall have written procedures outlining the responsibilities of each official, including a copy of each official's job performance plan. These procedures shall include provisions for (1) surveillance, (2) containment, and (3) assessment.
 - A)i. Surveillance shall include identification and reporting to the Department of all tuberculin reactors equal to or greater than 10 millimeters mm on inmates or a positive IGRA blood test. The Department will be responsible for evaluation and recommendation of appropriate therapy.
 - b)ii. Appropriate containment procedures shall be developed to reduce the chance of transmission of tuberculosis.
 - e)iii. Appropriate diagnostic, treatment, prevention, and laboratory services shall be available. Environmental factors conducive to the spread of tuberculosis, such as poor ventilation, shall be corrected. Persons undergoing treatment or preventive therapy shall be carefully monitored for compliance and to detect drug toxicity to ensure that the recommended course of treatment is completed. The infection control officer shall notify the Department upon discharging any inmate who is receiving medication for tuberculosis and coordinate with Department officials to ensure appropriate follow-up of paroled inmates for completion of treatment.
 - <u>rectains.</u> Procedures shall be developed to ensure that persons in charge of a correctional facility are aware of the responsibility for the surveillance and containment activities within the institution.
 - e)v. Questions concerning surveillance, containment or assessment and treatment shall be sought by reference to the Tuberculosis Manual of the Arkansas Department of Health or telephone consultation with the Tuberculosis Program Medical Director or designee.
 - The person in charge of the correctional facility will cooperate with the Department Tuberculosis Program in developing and updating policies,

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procedures, and record systems for tuberculosis control. The Department will provide epidemiologic and management assistance to correctional facilities, including on-site consultation and periodic reevaluation. Where appropriate, correctional facilities shall cooperate with the Department and develop programs of in-service training for correctional facility staff (e.g., to perform, read, and record tuberculin skin tests; identify signs and symptoms of tuberculosis; initiate and observe therapy; monitor for side effects; collect diagnostic specimens; educate inmates regarding tuberculosis; maintain record systems). The correctional facility will work with the Department regarding the tuberculin testing of nonincarcerated contacts of persons with active tuberculosis identified in these facilities.

- <u>administered</u> under direct observation by correctional facilities shall be administered under direct observation by correctional facility staff. Directly observing the swallowing of medication is essential to prevent the development of strains of tuberculosis that are resistant to current effective medications.
- hiviii. Correctional facilities shall work with Department staff to arrange continuing therapy for inmates when released while receiving tuberculosis treatment or preventive therapy. Registries shall be maintained with updated medical information on all current tuberculosis cases including those in correctional facilities.
- <u>iii</u>x. Correctional facilities shall work with the Department officials to develop and implement an HIV prevention program, to identify persons practicing high risk behaviors, to counsel such persons in an effort to reduce highrisk behaviors among inmates.
- 3-c. Prior to commencement of construction of any correctional facility the person(s) responsible for the control and operating of the facility shall furnish a statement that he/she has consulted with the Department concerning the architectural design concerning the feasibility of germicidal lights in appropriate areas.

SECTION VIII. SHELTER FACILITIES.

The person in charge of each shelter facility shall be responsible for compliance with these Rules and Regulations.

- A. Each employee or other worker of a shelter facility who has regular contact with residents or clients shall receive tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention <u>information</u> (See Section III, Definitions).
- B. Prior to employment and each year thereafter, each employee or other worker of a shelter facility who has regular contact with residents or clients shall obtain a certificate of health or documented results of tuberculosis screening as outlined in the Arkansas Tuberculosis Control Manual. No annual follow-up testing requirements are necessary and should be substituted with a symptom screening and tuberculosis prevention education.
- C. Each resident of a shelter facility who is likely to remain for a period of at least fourteen days shall, upon arrival, receive tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention <u>information</u> (See Section III, Definitions).

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SECTION VXIII RELATED MEDICAL FACILITIES.

The person in charge of each facility shall be responsible for compliance with these Rules and Regulations.

- A. Each healthcare worker (hospital employee, health worker, medical staff member (physician), etc.) who has contact with patients or clients shall receive baseline tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention information (See Section III, Definitions). No annual follow-up testing requirements are necessary. However, the education.
- B. Prior to employment and each year thereafter, each employee, health worker, medical-staff member (physician) who has contact with patients or clients shall obtain a certificate of health or documented results of tuberculosis screening as outlined in the Arkansas-Tuberculosis Control Manual.

SECTION XIII. CONTROL. PREVENTION AND PROCEDURES FOR ISOLATION.

A. Involuntary Examinations.

- 1. When the state, county, or city health officer shall have reasonable grounds to believe that any person has tuberculosis in active state or in a communicable form and who will not voluntarily seek a medical examination or treatment, the health officer is authorized to cause the person to be apprehended and detained for the necessary tests and examinations, including an approved chest X-ray, sputum examination, and other approved laboratory tests to ascertain the presence of tuberculosis.
- 2. If active tuberculosis is found, it shall then be the duty of the health officer to make an investigation of the person to determine whether the conduct of the person is suitable for outpatient therapy or whether control of the case may require isolation.

B. Petition To Isolate Patient.

- 1. If the health officer finds that the circumstances are not suitable for proper isolation or contagion control of the case by any type of local quarantine and the person will not voluntarily seek medical treatment and is a source of danger to others, then the health officer shall petition the probate court of the county where the person is found to order the admission of the person to any state-owned and operated hospital or any other hospital that is equipped to treat tuberculosis under the conditions enumerated in Ark. Code Ann. § 20-15-707(a).
- The health officer shall set forth in a petition a summary of the factual basis of the determination that the circumstances are not suitable for proper contagion control of the case as an out-patient and that the person will not voluntarily seek medical treatment and is a source of danger to others.

C. Notice of Petition and Hearing.

- 1. Upon receiving the petition, the court shall fix a date for a hearing on the petition and shall cause notice of the petition, with the time and place for hearing to be served personally at least seven (7) days before the hearing, upon the person who is afflicted with tuberculosis and alleged to be dangerous to others.
- 2. During the time the petition is pending, the person shall be subject to the local quarantine or restrictions of his movements placed on him by the health officer for the

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protection of the public health.

D. Hearing.

The petition shall be heard in open court, and the respondent to the petition shall have the privilege of counsel of his own selection.

E. Commitment.

- If upon hearing of the petition, the court finds that the circumstances are not suitable
 for proper isolation or contagion control of the case by any type of local quarantine
 and that the person will not voluntarily seek medical treatment and is a source of
 danger to others, the court shall order the commitment of the person to a hospital as
 petitioned for.
- The superintendent of the institution to which the person is committed shall direct that the person be placed apart from others in a room with a properly installed and operational germicidal UV light and restrained from leaving the institution.

F. Observation of Rules and Regulations Required.

- A person who is committed to a hospital under the provisions of this subchapter shall observe all the rules and regulations of the hospital.
- 2. The superintendent of the institution may file a complaint in the municipal or justice of peace court against a person committed to the institution under the provisions of this subchapter who willfully violates the rules and regulations of the institution or who conducts himself in a disorderly manner. A person so charged shall have the legal procedural rights of a person charged with disorderly conduct.

G. Discharge.

- The superintendent of the institution to which a person has been committed under this
 subchapter may discharge the person so committed upon signing and placing among
 the records of the institution a statement that the person has obeyed the rules and
 regulations of the institution and that for the reasons set forth in the statement, in his
 judgment the person may be discharged without danger to the health and life of
 others.
- The superintendent of the institution shall report each discharge with a full statement of reasons therefore at once to the Director of the Department, to the county health officer of the county where the person was committed, and to the clerk of the court from which the person was committed.

H. Violations of Commitment - Penalties.

- A person committed to an institution who is found guilty of violating the rules and regulations of the institution or of conducting himself in a disorderly manner may be confined for a period not to exceed six (6) months in any place where persons convicted of disorderly conduct may be confined.
- 2. Any person committed to an institution pursuant to this subchapter, who shall leave or attempt to leave the institution without being properly discharged by the

superintendent of the institution or his authorized agent, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be imprisoned for a period of not less than six (6) months nor more than one (1) year.

- Any person confined or imprisoned pursuant to this section shall be kept separate and apart from the other inmates of the place of confinement. Upon completion of the period of confinement, he shall be returned to the hospital or sanatorium where originally committed.
- 4. Any person confined or imprisoned pursuant to the provisions of this section may be confined or imprisoned in the hospital where originally committed if facilities for confinement or imprisonment are available at the hospital.

SECTION XVI. SEVERABILITY.

If any of the provisions of these rules and regulations and the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidation shall not affect other provisions or applications of these rules and regulations which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or applications, and to this end the provisions hereto are declared to be severable.

SECTION XV. REPEAL.

All rules and regulations and any parts of rules and regulations in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

CERTIFICATION

I certify that the foregoing Rules Pertaining to the Control of Communicable Disease Control - Tuberculosis were adopted by the Arkansas State Board of Health at a regular session in Little Rock, Arkansas on this the day of 2019.

on this the day of , 2013.

Nathaniel Smith, MD, MPH Secretary, Arkansas State Board of Health Director, Arkansas Department of Health Formatted: Indent: Left: 0"

RULES PERTAINING TO

Communicable Disease -- Tuberculosis

Promulgated Under the Authority of Ark. Code Ann. §20-7-109 et seq., §20-15-701 et seq.

ARKANSAS STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

Effective , 2019

Arkansas Department of Health Little Rock, Arkansas Nathaniel Smith, MD, MPH Director

RULES PERTAINING TO THE CONTROL OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES -TUBERCULOSIS

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SECTION I. AUTHORITY.

The following Rules and subsequent amendments are hereby adopted pursuant to the authority conferred by Ark. Code Ann. § 20-15-701 et seq. and Ark. Code Ann. § 20-7-109 et seq.

SECTION II. PURPOSE.

The purpose of the Rules Pertaining to the Control of Communicable Diseases-Tuberculosis is to provide for the prevention and control of tuberculosis and to protect the public health, welfare, and safety of the citizens of Arkansas.

SECTION III. DEFINITIONS.

- A. "Certificate of Health" means a certificate issued by the Department verifying that the holder has complied with the relevant diagnostic screening, or treatment procedures prescribed or directed by the Communicable Disease Rules and Regulations and/or the Arkansas Tuberculosis Control Manual.
- B. "Correctional facility" means any state prison or jail, detention center, or other similar facility wherein persons are incarcerated or held for correctional purposes.
- C. "Department" means Arkansas Department of Health.
- D. "Shelter facility" means any shelter for the homeless or disadvantaged, shelter for battered women, or other similar facility where persons are routinely housed for

fourteen or more days.

- E. "Hospital" means the same as defined by Ark. Code Ann. § 20-9-201.
- F. "Long-term care facility" means the same as defined by Ark. Code Ann. § 20-10-101.
- G. "Person" means any individual, corporation, partnership, firm, association, trust, estate, public or private institution, agency, political subdivision of this state, of any other state, or political subdivision or agency thereof.
- H. "Tuberculosis prevention" means following the recommendations of the Department regarding treatment for prevention of tuberculosis.
- I. "Related medical facility" or "Related medical service" means a facility or service other than a hospital, including but not limited to rehabilitation hospitals, psychiatric hospitals, Human Development Centers, alcohol/drug abuse inpatient and outpatient treatment centers, Arkansas State Veterans Home, Veteran's Hospital Domiciliary, hospices, renal dialysis units, community health centers, community health clinics serving populations with a high prevalence for tuberculosis infection, or other related medical facilities or services.
- J. "Tuberculosis manual" means the manual of policies and procedures developed by the Department which includes guidelines for specific definitions of "tuberculosis screening" for certain groups and the prevention, control and treatment of tuberculosis.
- K. "Tuberculosis screening" means (1) in the case of a person tested for the first time or one who has not experienced a positive test in the past- an intra-dermal tuberculin skin test or Interferon-Gamma Release Assays (IGRAs) blood test; or (2) in the case of a person who has experienced a positive test in the past and/or who tests positive-a chest radiograph conducted by the Department or one interpreted by a trained radiologist or chest clinician- unless one has been performed within the past three months; or (3) such other screening as prescribed, directed or recommended by an employee or agent of the Department.

SECTION IV. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

A. Penalty.

Any person who is found guilty of a violation of any of the provisions of these shall be guilty of a violation of Ark. Code Ann. § 20-7-101.

- B. Reporting Requirements.
 - 1. It shall be the duty of every physician, nurse practitioner, nurse, or health care worker to report to the Department in addition to the requirements set forth in other sections of these rules the following information concerning tuberculosis:
 - a) Acid fast bacilli in smear or M. tuberculosis in culture
 - b) Other significant evidence, pending bacteriological proof
 - (1) Chest X-ray shadows suggestive of Tuberculosis (apical infiltrate,

cavity, etc.)

- (2) Extra-pulmonary Tuberculosis (meningeal, bone, kidney, other)
- (3) Primary pulmonary tuberculosis cases showing parenchymal infiltration or hilar node enlargement or pleural effusion.

SECTION V. HOSPITALS.

Hospitals shall be responsible for compliance with these Rules as well as Board of Health Rules for Hospitals and Related Institutions in Arkansas.

- A. Each healthcare worker (hospital employee, health worker, medical staff member (physician), etc.) who has contact with hospital patients shall receive baseline tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention information (See Section III, Definitions). No annual follow-up testing requirements are necessary. However, the Center for Disease Control guidelines must be followed on symptom screenings and tuberculosis education.
- B. Each hospital shall adopt and enforce a policy which ensures that tuberculosis symptom screening and tuberculosis prevention (See Section III, Definitions) is conducted for all employees, health workers, and medical staff (physicians) who have contact with patients.

SECTION VI. LONG TERM CARE FACILITIES.

Long-term care facilities shall be responsible for compliance with these Rules as well as the Rules governing Long-Term Care Facilities issued by the Arkansas Department of Human Services.

Each healthcare worker (employee, health worker, medical staff member (physician), etc.) of any long term care facility who has contact with long term care patients or residents shall receive baseline tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention information (See Section III, Definitions). No annual follow-up testing requirements are necessary. However, the Center for Disease Control guidelines must be followed on symptom screenings and tuberculosis education.

SECTION VII. CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES.

- A. Correctional facilities, regardless of inmate capacity, shall ensure that:
- 1. Each employee, worker, parole/probation officer, or other staff member of the facility who has contact with inmates or detainees receives tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention information (See Section III, Definitions); and
- 2. Prior to employment each employee, worker, parole/probation officer, or other staff member of the facility who has contact with inmates or detainees shall receive baseline tuberculosis screening and shall obtain a certificate of health or documented results of

- tuberculosis screening as outlined in the Arkansas Tuberculosis Control Manual. No annual follow-up testing requirements are necessary and should be substituted with a symptom screening and tuberculosis prevention education.
- 3. Each inmate residing in any correctional facility for more than 14 days shall receive baseline tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention information. No follow-up testing is required, but symptom screening of positive inmates and tuberculosis education should be provided.
- B. Jails and detention centers housing fifty or more persons shall meet the following requirement: Each inmate/detainee of a jail or detention center who is expected to be incarcerated for l4 days or more will receive tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention information (see Section III Definitions).
- C. Other correctional facilities shall meet the following requirements:
 - 1. Each inmate or detainee of a correctional facility shall receive tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention information (See Section III, Definitions).
 - 2. The person having responsibility for the management of a correctional facility shall be responsible for compliance with these Rules. Each correctional facility shall be responsible for compliance with these Rules. Each correctional facility shall designate an appropriately trained infection control officer who shall be responsible for operating a tuberculosis prevention and control program in the institution. Multi-institutional systems shall have a qualified coordinator as well as an official at each unit to oversee tuberculosis-control activities throughout the system. The correctional facility shall have written procedures outlining the responsibilities of each official, including a copy of each official's job performance plan. These procedures shall include provisions for (1) surveillance, (2) containment, and (3) assessment.
 - a. Surveillance shall include identification and reporting to the Department of all tuberculin reactors equal to or greater than 10 millimeters on inmates or a positive IGRA blood test. The Department will be responsible for evaluation and recommendation of appropriate therapy.
 - b. Appropriate containment procedures shall be developed to reduce the chance of transmission of tuberculosis.
 - c. Appropriate diagnostic, treatment, prevention, and laboratory services shall be available. Environmental factors conducive to the spread of tuberculosis, such as poor ventilation, shall be corrected. Persons undergoing treatment or preventive therapy shall be carefully monitored for compliance and to detect drug toxicity to ensure that the recommended course of treatment is completed. The infection control officer shall notify the Department upon discharging any inmate who is receiving medication for tuberculosis and coordinate with Department officials to ensure appropriate follow-up of paroled inmates for completion of treatment.
 - d. Procedures shall be developed to ensure that persons in charge of a

- correctional facility are aware of the responsibility for the surveillance and containment activities within the institution.
- e. Questions concerning surveillance, containment or assessment and treatment shall be sought by reference to the Tuberculosis Manual of the Arkansas Department of Health or telephone consultation with the Tuberculosis Program Medical Director or designee.
- f. The person in charge of the correctional facility will cooperate with the Department Tuberculosis Program in developing and updating policies, procedures, and record systems for tuberculosis control. The Department will provide epidemiologic and management assistance to correctional facilities, including on-site consultation and periodic reevaluation. Where appropriate, correctional facilities shall cooperate with the Department and develop programs of in-service training for correctional facility staff (e.g., to perform, read, and record tuberculin skin tests; identify signs and symptoms of tuberculosis; initiate and observe therapy; monitor for side effects; collect diagnostic specimens; educate inmates regarding tuberculosis; maintain record systems). The correctional facility will work with the Department regarding the tuberculin testing of nonincarcerated contacts of persons with active tuberculosis identified in these facilities.
- g. All anti-tuberculosis medication within correctional facilities shall be administered under direct observation by correctional facility staff. Directly observing the swallowing of medication is essential to prevent the development of strains of tuberculosis that are resistant to current effective medications.
- h. Correctional facilities shall work with Department staff to arrange continuing therapy for inmates when released while receiving tuberculosis treatment or preventive therapy. Registries shall be maintained with updated medical information on all current tuberculosis cases including those in correctional facilities.
- i. Correctional facilities shall work with the Department officials to develop and implement an HIV prevention program, to identify persons practicing high risk behaviors, to counsel such persons in an effort to reduce high-risk behaviors among inmates.
- 3. Prior to commencement of construction of any correctional facility the person(s) responsible for the control and operating of the facility shall furnish a statement that he/she has consulted with the Department concerning the architectural design concerning the feasibility of germicidal lights in appropriate areas.

SECTION VIII. SHELTER FACILITIES.

The person in charge of each shelter facility shall be responsible for compliance with these Rules.

A. Each employee or other worker of a shelter facility who has regular contact with

- residents or clients shall receive tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention information (See Section III, Definitions).
- B. Prior to employment, each employee or other worker of a shelter facility who has regular contact with residents or clients shall obtain a certificate of health or documented results of tuberculosis screening as outlined in the Arkansas Tuberculosis Control Manual. No annual follow-up testing requirements are necessary and should be substituted with a symptom screening and tuberculosis prevention education.
- C. Each resident of a shelter facility who is likely to remain for a period of at least fourteen days shall, upon arrival, receive tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention information (See Section III, Definitions).

SECTION IX. RELATED MEDICAL FACILITIES.

The person in charge of each facility shall be responsible for compliance with these Rules.

Each healthcare worker (employee, health worker, medical staff member (physician), etc.) who has contact with patients or clients shall receive baseline tuberculosis screening and tuberculosis prevention information (See Section III, Definitions). No annual follow-up testing requirements are necessary. However, the Center for Disease Control guidelines must be followed on symptom screenings and tuberculosis education.

SECTION X. CONTROL, PREVENTION AND PROCEDURES FOR ISOLATION.

A. Involuntary Examinations.

- 1. When the state, county, or city health officer shall have reasonable grounds to believe that any person has tuberculosis in active state or in a communicable form and who will not voluntarily seek a medical examination or treatment, the health officer is authorized to cause the person to be apprehended and detained for the necessary tests and examinations, including an approved chest X-ray, sputum examination, and other approved laboratory tests to ascertain the presence of tuberculosis.
- 2. If active tuberculosis is found, it shall then be the duty of the health officer to make an investigation of the person to determine whether the conduct of the person is suitable for outpatient therapy or whether control of the case may require isolation.

B. Petition To Isolate Patient.

- 1. If the health officer finds that the circumstances are not suitable for proper isolation or contagion control of the case by any type of local quarantine and the person will not voluntarily seek medical treatment and is a source of danger to others, then the health officer shall petition the probate court of the county where the person is found to order the admission of the person to any state-owned and operated hospital or any other hospital that is equipped to treat tuberculosis under the conditions enumerated in Ark. Code Ann. § 20-15-707(a).
- 2. The health officer shall set forth in a petition a summary of the factual basis of

the determination that the circumstances are not suitable for proper contagion control of the case as an out-patient and that the person will not voluntarily seek medical treatment and is a source of danger to others.

C. Notice of Petition and Hearing.

- 1. Upon receiving the petition, the court shall fix a date for a hearing on the petition and shall cause notice of the petition, with the time and place for hearing to be served personally at least seven (7) days before the hearing, upon the person who is afflicted with tuberculosis and alleged to be dangerous to others.
 - 2. During the time the petition is pending, the person shall be subject to the local quarantine or restrictions of his movements placed on him by the health officer for the protection of the public health.

D. Hearing.

The petition shall be heard in open court, and the respondent to the petition shall have the privilege of counsel of his own selection.

E. Commitment.

- 1. If upon hearing of the petition, the court finds that the circumstances are not suitable for proper isolation or contagion control of the case by any type of local quarantine and that the person will not voluntarily seek medical treatment and is a source of danger to others, the court shall order the commitment of the person to a hospital as petitioned for.
- 2. The superintendent of the institution to which the person is committed shall direct that the person be placed apart from others in a room with a properly installed and operational germicidal UV light and restrained from leaving the institution.

F. Observation of Rules Required.

- 1. A person who is committed to a hospital under the provisions of this subchapter shall observe all the rules of the hospital.
- 2. The superintendent of the institution may file a complaint in the municipal or justice of peace court against a person committed to the institution under the provisions of this subchapter who willfully violates the rules of the institution or who conducts himself in a disorderly manner. A person so charged shall have the legal procedural rights of a person charged with disorderly conduct.

G. Discharge.

- The superintendent of the institution to which a person has been committed under this subchapter may discharge the person so committed upon signing and placing among the records of the institution a statement that the person has obeyed the rules of the institution and that for the reasons set forth in the statement, in his judgment the person may be discharged without danger to the health and life of others.
- 2. The superintendent of the institution shall report each discharge with a full statement of reasons therefore at once to the Director of the Department, to the

county health officer of the county where the person was committed, and to the clerk of the court from which the person was committed.

H. Violations of Commitment - Penalties.

- 1. A person committed to an institution who is found guilty of violating the rules of the institution or of conducting himself in a disorderly manner may be confined for a period not to exceed six (6) months in any place where persons convicted of disorderly conduct may be confined.
 - 2. Any person committed to an institution pursuant to this subchapter, who shall leave or attempt to leave the institution without being properly discharged by the superintendent of the institution or his authorized agent, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be imprisoned for a period of not less than six (6) months nor more than one (1) year.
- 3. Any person confined or imprisoned pursuant to this section shall be kept separate and apart from the other inmates of the place of confinement. Upon completion of the period of confinement, he shall be returned to the hospital or sanatorium where originally committed.
- 4. Any person confined or imprisoned pursuant to the provisions of this section may be confined or imprisoned in the hospital where originally committed if facilities for confinement or imprisonment are available at the hospital.

SECTION XI. SEVERABILITY.

If any of the provisions of these rules and the application thereof to any person or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidation shall not affect other provisions or applications of these rules which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or applications, and to this end the provisions hereto are declared to be severable.

SECTION XII. REPEAL.

All rules and any parts of rules in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

CERTIFICATION

Tuberculosis were adopted by the Arkansa	g to the Control of Communicable Disease - s State Board of Health at a regular session in
Rock, Arkansas on this the day of	2019.
	Nathaniel Smith, MD, MPH
	Secretary, Arkansas State Board of Health
	Director, Arkansas Department of Health

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